

## VARIANCE APPROVAL CRITERIA

The Zoning Enabling Act of Michigan outlines that when considering a variance request, the Zoning Board of Appeals must ensure that the "spirit of the ordinance is observed, public safety secured, and substantial justice done." The Michigan courts have added that variances should only be granted in the case of a practical difficulty for a nonuse (dimensional) variance. In addition, applicants must demonstrate that their plight is due to the unique circumstances particular to that property and that the problem is not self-created.

The Zoning Board of Appeals shall review the following standards in considering a variance request:

Standards of Approval of a Nonuse Variance (practical difficulty):

Standard:	Conformance Unnecessarily Burdensome Are reasonable options for compliance available? Does reasonable use of the property exist with denial of the variance?
Standard:	Substantial Justice Applied to both applicant as well as to other property owners in district. Review past decisions of the ZBA for consistency (precedence).
Standard:	Unique Physical Circumstances Are there unique physical limitations or conditions which prevent compliance?
Standard:	Self-Created Hardship Are the conditions or circumstances which resulted in the variance request created by actions of the applicant?
Standard:	Will the spirit of the Ordinance be observed, the public health, safety, and welfare secured, and substantial justice done if the variance is granted?